Lesson IV: Currency Derivatives, an Overview

March 24, 2017

International Financial and Foreign Exchange Markets

Roadmap

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To Put It into Practice



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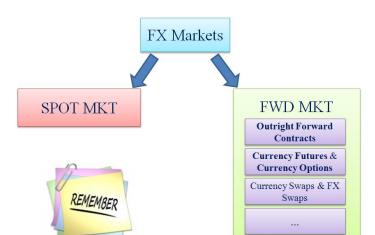
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Outright Fwd Contracts: Definition and Payoff

Outright Fwd Contracts: Tailor-made OTC agreement to exchange currencies at a pre-determined price on a future date.

In intuitive terms, this allows to **set now the price** at which a given currency will be **bought or sold** on a given **future date** \Rightarrow at maturity, the payoff of a fwd depends on the **realized spot rate** at that time.



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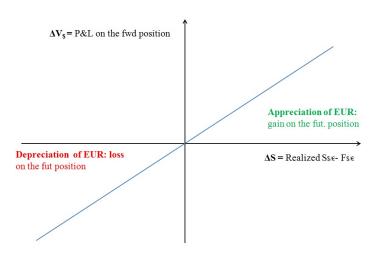
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Payoff Profile of a Long Fwd to Buy EUR vs USD





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Benefits and Risks of Fwds

- High Flexibility
 - Not only major currencies
 - Customizable maturities and notional amounts
 - Deliverables vs Non deliverables
- ▶ No CCTP: Higher settlement risk
- Reduced mkt liquidity



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Outright Fwd Contracts

 trade for standardized amounts (depending on the currency) Currency Futures

 trade for a limited number of maturity dates (typically, March, June, September and December) rrency Option

▶ settle gains or losses on a daily basis⇒ Mark to Market Synthetic Fwd

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Futures are CCTP-based \Rightarrow the **Clearing House** requires both parties of a futures transaction to **post margins** in a margin account held at a brokerage house

- ► The amount of margins to be posted is typically a % of the notional amount
- ► The margins' balance is updated daily, depending on the market value of the contract (computed at the daily settlement price)
- Whenever the balance falls below a pre-specified threshold (maintenance level) after the daily MTM, the involved party will receive a margin call to post additional money in the margin account

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Suppose that, on June 1st, you bgt a GBP future contract at 1.55 $\frac{USD}{GBP}$ to purchase GBP 63,000 in three months. Assume further that

- ► Required Initial Margin = USD 6,000
- ► Maintenance Margin = USD 5,000

	June 1st	June 2nd	June 3rd
Settlement Px	1.55	1.57	1.53
USD Fut.Val	97,650	98,910	96,390
USD Daily PL	0	1,260	-2,520
Mrg.Balance	6,000	7,260	4,740
Mrg.Call	No	No	260

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If you conversely buy (sell) a fwd contract **all** the gains (losses) will be eventually realized (incurred) **at maturity**, depending on the future realized spot rate at that time.



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Futures

- ► CCTP (Clearing House) bearing the settlement risk ⇒ Margins are required
- ► The amount in the margin account not only depends on the entire path of the futures price from the initial purchase, but also on the interest rates earned in the account or forgone on cash contributions to the account ⇒ Marking-to-market risk

Fwds

- No CCTP: the settlement risk is faced by the two parties involved ⇒ No margins are required
- ► Gains or losses on the forward positions will be eventually realized at the maturity of the contracts ⇒ No marking-to-market risk

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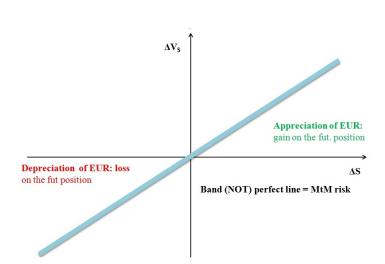
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Payoff Profile of a Long Future to Buy EUR vs USD



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Benefits and Risks of Futures

- ► Low Flexibility
 - Mainly major currencies
 - ▶ Fixed, standardized maturities and notional amounts
 - ▶ Well-defined trading time and trading rules
- ► CCTP: No settlement risk
- ► High mkt liquidity



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Currency Options

Options are derivative contracts that give the buyer the opportunity (**not the obligation**) to buy or to sell the underlying asset at a given price sometime in the future (either at or up to maturity).

Watch out:

Call: right to buy

Put: right to sell

European Option: exercise at maturity

▶ American Option: exercise up to maturity

▶ **S**: market price of the underlying

X: strike price

▶ Premium=0

	In the Money	At the Money	Out the Money
С	S>X	S=X	S <x< th=""></x<>
P	S <x< th=""><th>S=X</th><th>S>X</th></x<>	S=X	S>X

Intrinsic Value: extent to which an option is in the money

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- ▶ **Intrinsic Value**: the more the option is in the money, the higher is the option premium
- Volatility of the underlying exchange rate: the more volatile is the underlying, the greater the chance that the option will be exercised (ceteris paribus)
- American vs European option type: American options are more "flexible" and consequently more valuable than European options
- Interest rates: the higher the interest rates, the lower the present value of the exercise price. This should increase (reduce) the mkt value of a call (put)

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Γο Put It into

- ► Forward premium/ discount: (ceteris paribus) the greater is the fwd discount (i.e. the expected decline in the FX value of a currency), the higher (lower) is the value of a put (call) option. The reverse holds for fwd premia
- ▶ Length of the period to expiry: (ceteris paribus) the longer the maturity, the greater the chance that the option will move into money

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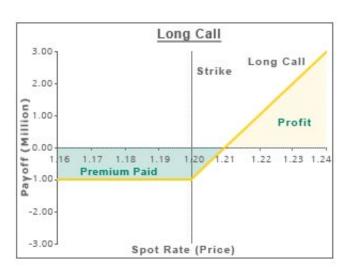
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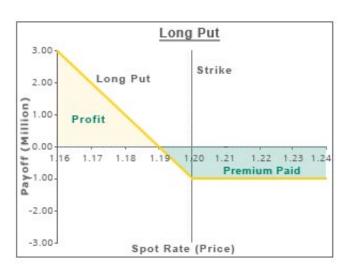
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To Put It into Practice



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To Put It into Practice

- Low Flexibility
 - Mainly major currencies
 - Fixed, standardized maturities and notional amounts
 - Well-defined trading time and trading rules
- ► CCTP: No settlement risk
- High mkt liquidity
- Optionality



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	Fwds	Futures	Options	
Trading OTC		Reg. Mkts	Reg. Mkts	
Discretion	None	None	Buyer's	
Maturity	Any Date	Std Dates	Std Dates	
Notional	Any	Std	Std	
Margins None		CH-Defined	CH-Defined	
CCTP	CCTP No		Yes	
Major Users	Hedgers	Speculators	Both	

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Flexibility vs Standardization

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What is the advantage of standardization over flexibility?



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The more homogeneous (and the fewer) are the contracts, the **higher is the market depth**

Building a Synthetic Fwd: Step 1

Suppose that, at time t_0 , you decide to:

Buy a Call on the $\frac{USD}{EUR}$ exchange rate (premium: C)

▶ **Sell a Put** on the $\frac{USD}{EUR}$ exchange rate (premium: P)

Suppose further that the 2 options have:

▶ The same maturity: t_T

▶ The same strike price: X_{FUR}^{USD}



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To Put It into

Deal	CF_{t_0}	CF_{t_T}	CF_t	
		if $S < X$	if $S > X$	
Long Call	-C	0	S _{USD} -X _{USD} EUR EUR	
Short Put	Р	S _{USD} -X _{USD} EUR EUR	0	
Total	P-C	Susp - Xusp EUR EUR	S _{USD} - X _{USD} EUR EUR	

Under **both** scenarios, the **total CF at maturity** will thus be $S_{USD}-X_{USD}$.



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contract drawn to purchase EUR with USD at maturity. In alternative terms, at maturity there will be a **USD cash outflow** together with a corresponding **EUR inflow**.

Notice that this is **equivalent** to the payoff of a fwd



▶ A cash outflow: $-X_{USD}$

► Combined with a cash inflow: $S_{USD}_{\overline{EUR}}$

Let's put it all together

- ► Cash outflow at maturity \Rightarrow USD-denominated \Rightarrow conceivable as the **repayment of a**USD-denominated loan (originally stipulated at t_0)
- Cash inflow at maturity ⇒ EUR-denominated ⇒ conceivable as the proceeds of a EUR-denominated investment (originally stipulated at t₀)

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Step 2: Profit and Loss at Maturity

Deal	CF_{t_0}	CF_{t_T}	CF_t
		if $S < X$	if $S > X$
Loan	$rac{X_{USD}}{EUR} \ rac{EUR}{(1+r_{USD})^T} \ S_{\underline{USD}}$	-X _{USD} EUR	-X _{USD} EUR
Inv	$-\frac{EUR}{(1+r_{EUR})^T}$	S _{USD} EUR	S _{USD} EUR
Tot	$\frac{X_{USD}}{(1+r_{USD})^T} - \frac{S_{USD}}{(1+r_{EUR})^T}$	S _{USD} -X _{USD} EUR EUR	S _{USD} -X _{USD} EUR EUR

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$$P-C=S_{\frac{USD}{EUR}}-X_{\frac{USD}{EUR}}$$

and

$$\frac{X_{USD}}{(1+r_{USD})^T} - \frac{S_{USD}}{(1+r_{EUR})^T} = S_{USD} - X_{USD}$$

It must be that

$$P - C = \frac{X_{USD}}{\frac{EUR}{(1 + r_{USD})^T}} - \frac{S_{USD}}{\frac{EUR}{EUR}}$$

Put-Call-Fwd Parity

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 Currency Futures: standardized contracts drawn either to buy or to sell a fixed amount of foreign currency on a pre-determined date sometime in the future

Currency Options: derivative contracts that give the buyer the opportunity to buy or to sell the underlying asset at a given price sometime in the future Roadmap

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Terminology

OTC market: Widespread aggregation of dealers who make markets in many different securities. Unlike an exchange on which trading takes place at one physical location, OTC trading occurs through telephone or computer negotiations between buyers and sellers.



Market Maker: liquidity providing intermediary that quotes **both** buying and selling prices for a given financial instrument on a **continuous** basis.



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4.1: A put option on Australian dollars with a strike price of USD 0.80 is purchased by a speculator for a premium of USD 0.02. If the Australian dollars spot rate is USD 0.74 on the expiration date, should the speculator exercise the option on this date or let the option expire?

Draw the buyer's and the seller's payoff charts.



To Put It into

Practice

- ▶ If the Canadian dollar's spot rate is USD 0.65 at the time the option is exercised, what is the net profit to the speculator?
- What would the spot rate need to be at the time the option is exercised for the speculator to break even?
- What is the net profit to the seller of this option?
- ▶ Draw the buyer's and the seller's payoff charts.



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To Put It into Practice

$Call_{\frac{C_1}{C_2}}$ Premium	0.01 <i>C</i> ₁
$\operatorname{Call}_{\frac{C_1}{C_2}}^{\frac{C_2}{2}}$ Strike	0.63 <i>C</i> ₁
Put $\frac{c_1}{c_2}$ Strike	0.63 <i>C</i> ₁
\mathbf{r}_{C_1}	0.055
\mathbf{r}_{C_2}	0.075
$\mathbf{S}_{0\frac{C_{1}}{C_{2}}}$	0.625

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To Put It into Practice

