

Problem 1 – Solution

Adjustments are made to give effect to the management policies in the annual accounts, eg. Depreciation and allowances for bad and doubtful debts. Also, to reflect correctly and fairly the amount of expenses and revenues by including unpaid expenses and earned but un-received revenues and segregating prepaid expenses and pre-received revenues in the income statement and appropriately showing the same in the balance sheet. These also help in clearly ascertaining the amount of cost of goods sold (COGS) so that the correct amount of profit (or loss) may be arrived at.

End Inventory A/c	Dr	8.000	
Cost of Goods Sold A/c	Dr	75.000	
Purchase of Merchandise			83.000
Insurance Expenses A/c	Dr	16.000	
Prepaid Insurance A/c			16.000
Depreciation (Plant & Mach) Exp A/c	Dr	7.200	
Accumu. Deprec (P & M)			7.200
Prepaid Rent A/c	Dr	700	
Rent Exp. A/c			700
Int. Reve Rece. A/c	Dr	525	
Interest Revenue A/c			525
$15.000 \times 9/12 \times 10\% = 1.125 - 600 = 525$			

Income Statement of PbT & Co.

Sales Reve		180.000
Less COGS		<u>- 75.000</u>
Hence Gr. Profit		105.000
Less:		
Salary	10.700	
Rent (12.900-700)	12.200	
Insurance Exp. (18-2)	16.000	
Depre. Exp	7.200	<u>46.100</u>
Operating Profit		58.900
Dividend Reve		400
Add Interest Reve,		<u>1.125</u>
Net Profit		<u>60.425</u>

B/Sheet of Pbt & Co. as on 31/3/05.

Cash	4.400	A/Payable	23.000
Deposit with Bank	15.000	Accumu Depre.	7.200
A/Rece.	30.000	O/equity Balance	80.000
Prepaid Rent	700	+ Net Income	<u>60.425</u>
Prepaid Insurance	2.000	<u>Total</u>	<u>170.625</u>
Int Reve on Bk deposit Rece.	525		
End. Inventory	8.000		
Investment	20.000		
Plant & Machine	<u>90.000</u>		
<u>Total</u>	<u>170.625</u>		